## PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

	SEARCHING AUTHORITY	D∩T					
Го:		FUI					
see fo	PRIMARPON & WACKER Patent- und Rechtsanwaltsbüro Eing. 17. Sep. 2004	WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORIT (PCT Rule 43 bis.1)  Date of mailing (day/month/year) see form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet)					
Applicant's or agent		FOR FURTHER ACTION					
see form PCT/IS	SA/220	See paragraph 2 below					
International applica PCT/EP2004/00	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	le (day/month/year) Priority date (day/month/year) 17.04.2003					
nternational Patent	Classification (IPC) or both national classificati	ion and IPC					
B32B31/00, B29	9C53/60, F16L59/02						
Applicant							
SAINT-GOBAIN	NISOVER						
<ul> <li>Box No. I Basis of the opinion</li> <li>Box No. II Priority</li> <li>Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial application</li> <li>Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention</li> <li>Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step of applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement</li> <li>Box No. VI Certain documents cited</li> <li>Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application</li> <li>Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application</li> <li>FURTHER ACTION</li> </ul>							
If a demand for international preliminary examination is made, this opinion will usually be considered to be a written opinion of the International Preliminary Examining Authority ("IPEA"). However, this does not apply where the applicant chooses an Authority other than this one to be the IPEA and the chosen IPEA has notified the International Bureau under Rule 66.1 bis(b) that written opinions of this International Searching Authority will not be so considered.  If this opinion is, as provided above, considered to be a written opinion of the IPEA, the applicant is invited to submit to the IPEA a written reply together, where appropriate, with amendments, before the expiration of three months from the date of mailing of Form PCT/ISA/220 or before the expiration of 22 months from the priority date, whichever expires later.							
	options, see Form PCT/ISA/220.						
3. For further	details, see notes to Form PCT/ISA/220.						
Name and mailing	address of the ISA:	Authorized Officer					
<i>9)1</i> NL-	opean Patent Office - P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 2280 HV Rijswijk - Pays Bas +31 70 340 - 2040 Tx: 31 651 epo nl	Stabel, A					

10/553188

## JC09 Rec'd PCT/PTO 13 OCT 2005, International application No. PCT/EP2004/003918

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

PCT

	Box N	o. I Basis of the opinion					
1.	With re	egard to the <b>language</b> , this opinion has been established on the basis of the international application in guage in which it was field, unless otherwise indicated under this item.					
	la	nis opinion has been established on the basis of a translation from the original language into the following inguage—, which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search index Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)).					
2.	With re	egard to any <b>nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence</b> disclosed in the international application and sary to the claimed invention, this opinion has been established on the basis of:					
a. type of material:							
		a sequence listing					
		table(s) related to the sequence listing					
	b. forr	nat of material:					
		in written format					
		in computer readable form					
c. time		e of filing/furnishing:					
		contained in the international application as filed.					
		filed together with the international application in computer readable form.					
		furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search.					
3	t C	n addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating thereto has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional hopies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as hopropriate, were furnished.					
4	4. Additional comments:						

## WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/EP2004/003918

	Box No. II	Priority							
The following document has not been furnished:									
	$\boxtimes$	ority has been claimed (Rule 43bis.1 and 66.7(a)).							
		translation of the ea	ranslation of the earlier application whose priority has been claimed (Rule 43bis.1 and 66.7(b)).						
Consequently it has not been possible to consider the validity of the priority claim. This opinion nevertheless been established on the assumption that the relevant date is the claimed priority									
2.	This opinion has been established as if no priority had been claimed due to the fact that the priority claim has been found invalid (Rules 43 <i>bis</i> .1 and 64.1). Thus for the purposes of this opinion, the international filing date indicated above is considered to be the relevant date.								
3.	3. Additional observations, if necessary:								
Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43 bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement									
1.									
	Novelty (N	1)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	3				
	Inventive	step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	3 4 11 12 18 1 2 5-10 13-17				
	Industrial	applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-18				
2.	Citations	and explanations							

see separate sheet

## Re Item V.

1 The following documents are referred to in this communication:

**D1**: GB 1 214 330 A (BALDWIN-EHRET-HILL INC.) 2 December 1970

D2 US 3346016 8JOHNS MANVILLE) 10 October 1967

D3: DE 32 05 185 A (SEITZ WILFRIED) 25 August 1983 (1983-08-25)

D4: US 3 824 140 A (HOFMANN A) 16 July 1974 (1974-07-16)

2 <u>Document **D1**</u> discloses (the references in parenthesis applying to this document):

An apparatus for the production of resin-impregnated glass fibre/mineral wool, pipe insulation sections, which is characterised in that glass fibre and mineral wool blocks are each impregnated with a hardenable resin at first and second feed stations and sectioned by means of a moveable endless bandsaw, into mats of pre-determined thickness which are then together tightly wound in on a mandrel, so as to produce a laminate of alternating layers of glass fibre and mineral wool. The so formed sleeve is than cured to form an integral pipe covering. The process is described in detail (page 3 line 32 - page 4 line 26 and figs. 2, 5 and 23-27).

2.1 INDEPENDENT CLAIMS 1, 8 and 13
As can be seen from the above, document **D1** discloses in combination all the features defined in independent claims 1, 8 and 13. Hence the subject-matter of these claim is not new (Article 33(2) PCT).

3 <u>Document D2</u> discloses (the references in parenthesis applying to this document):

Pipe insulation sleeves were formed by rolling on a mandrel and thereby convoluting around itself a felt of glass fibre containing about 10% by weight of the fibre of an uncured phenol formaldehyde binder, and upon completion of the first revolution inserting and interleaving a sheet of aluminum foil of like or coextensive dimensions between the convolutions of fibre continuing the wrapping of the foil within the fibre until five complete continuous spirals of foil are formed whereupon the inclusion of the foil was terminated and the convoluting of glass fibre was continued. On completion of the pipe sections the resinous binder was cured (col. 5 line 57 - col. 6 line 7).

3.1 INDEPENDENT CLAIMS 1 and 8

As can be seen from the above, document D2 discloses in combination all the

PCT/EP2004/003918

features defined in independent claims 1 and 8. Hence the subject-matter of these claim is not new (Article 33(2) PCT).

4 <u>Document D3</u> discloses (the references in parenthesis applying to this document):

The invention relates to a process for producing a sound-absorbing filling for an internal-combustion engine silencer. The silencer filling is produced as a one-piece moulding together with the metal wool sock (3) arranged in it, by the metal wool sock (3) (considered as the reinforcing layer) being drawn onto a core (7), corresponding to the exhaust pipe, the core (7) being wrapped in layers of nonwoven mineral-wool fabric (9), at least partially impregnated with a synthetic resin binder, the entire article surrounded by a circumferential mould (15) and thermally cured, and the finished moulding then demoulded (claim 1, figs. 1 and 2). The sleeve can further comprise a layer of binder free glass fibre mat (claims 6 and 7).

- 4.1 INDEPENDENT CLAIMS 1, 8 and 13
  As can be seen from the above, document D3 discloses in combination all the features defined in independent claims 1, 8 and 13. Hence the subject-matter of these claim is not new (Article 33(2) PCT).
- 5 <u>DEPENDENT CLAIMS</u> 2, 5-7, 9, 10, 13, 14, 16 and 17
- 5.1 Dependent claims 2, 5-7, 9, 10, 13, 14 and 16 do not contain any features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which they refer, meet the requirements of the PCT in respect of novelty (Article 33(2) PCT).
- 5.2 The combination of the features of dependent claims 15 and 16 are not considered to involve an inventive step because introducing heat absorbing or radiation shielding material into an heat insulating pipe sleeve is considered to be a normal design option for the man skilled in the art (cf. e.g. D4).
- 5.3 The technical features of claim 17 are a mere embodiment within the ambit of a main claim. The features thereof have not been shown to substantiate to a solution of a technical problem in a non-obvious manner for the man skilled in the art.
- 6 DEPENDENT CLAIMS 3, 4, 11, 12 and 18

6.1 The combination of the features of dependent claims 3, 4, 11, 12 and 18 are neither known from, nor rendered obvious by, the available prior art, because they seem to constitute a non-obvious alternative embodiment for providing a reinforced insulating sleeves for pipes.